#### **SDS Revision Date:**

### 04/06/2015

### 1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier	
Product Identity	HT250F
Alternate Names	HT250F, Lubricating Grease
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixt	ure and uses advised against
Intended use	See Technical Data Sheet.
Application Method	See Technical Data Sheet.
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet	
Company Name	Donnelly Bros, Inc.
	100 Garlington Street
	Laurens, SC 29360. USA
Emergency	
CHEMTREC (USA)	(800) 424-9300
24 hour Emergency Telephone No.	Medical Emergency: (864) 984-4400
Customer Service: Donnelly Bros, Inc.	864) 984-4400

### 2. Hazard(s) identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

No applicable GHS categories.

### 2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.

No applicable GHS categories.

### [Prevention]:

No GHS prevention statements [Response]: No GHS response statements [Storage]: No GHS storage statements [Disposal]: No GHS disposal statements

#### SDS Revision Date:

04/06/2015

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Poly(tetrafluoroethene) CAS Number: 0009002-84-0	1.0 - 10	Not Classified	[1]

In accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200, the specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

[1] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.
[3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.
\*The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

### 4. First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give artificial respiration. If unconscious place in the recovery position and obtain immediate medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.
Eyes	Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and seek medical attention.
Skin	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a recognized skin cleanser.
Ingestion	If swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
4.2. Most important sym	ptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Overview	Eye Contact: May cause irritation.
	Skin Contact: Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause irritation. Thermal decomposition of PTFE (over 290oC) will generate hydrogen fluoride, which is corrosive, causing burns on contact with skin and other tissue. Inhalation: Oil mist and vapors at high temperatures may irritate respiratory passages. Inhalation of decomposition products of PTFE (over 290oC) may cause polymer fume fever, a temporary flu-like illness accompanied by fever, chills, and sometimes cough, of approximately 24 hours duration. Repeated episodes of polymer fume fever may cause lung damage. Inhalation of fluorine compounds as decomposition products of PTFE (over 290oC) may cause gastrointestinal irritation.
	Primary Route(s) of Entry: Inhalation at high temperatures, eye contact, skin contact.
	Target Organs: Respiratory passages at high temperatures, eyes, skin.
	Medical Conditions Aggravated by Long-Term Exposure: Individuals with pre-existing diseases of the lungs may have increased susceptibility to the toxicity of excessive

### **SDS Revision Date:**

### 04/06/2015

exposures from thermal decomposition products.

Carcinogenicity: IARC, NTP, and OSHA do not list HT250F or its ingredients as carcinogens.

See section 2 for further details.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide (CO2), foam, dry chemical, water spray

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: Hydrogen fluoride, carbonyl fluoride, carbon monoxide and small amount of other toxic fumes.

### 5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Wear a NIOSH approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus with full protective clothing. Do not release runoff from fire control methods to sewers or waterways.

ERG Guide No.

### 6. Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Observe precautions from other sections. Contain any spill with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into drains, sewers or bodies of water. Wipe or scrape up grease and place it in a proper container for disposal. Wash walking surfaces thoroughly to reduce slipping hazard. Follow applicable OSHA (29 CFR 1910.120), state and local regulations.

### 7. Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Exercise ordinary care in handling industrial lubricants. Avoid contamination of cigarettes or other tobacco products. Wash hands thoroughly before eating or smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and clean before reuse. Users should be alert to the possibility that very small percentages of the population may display unexpected allergic reactions to otherwise innocuous industrial lubricants and raw materials.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

### SDS Revision Date:

04/06/2015

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

Incompatible materials: Strong Oxidizers

Do not store in open or unlabeled containers. Store away from incompatibles.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

# 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

### Exposure

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0009002-84-0	Poly(tetrafluoroethene)	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit

The exposure limits for oil mist are 5 mg/m3 OSHA PEL and 10 mg/m3 ACGIH.

### **Carcinogen Data**

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0009002-84-0	Poly(tetrafluoroethene)	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No
		NTP	Known: No; Suspected: No
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: Yes; Group 4: No;

8.2. Exposure	controls
---------------	----------

Respiratory	Avoid breathing oil mist. Respiratory protection is generally not necessary under normal conditions of use with adequate general ventilation.
Eyes	Avoid eye contact. Wear safety glasses or chemical goggles in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133.
Skin	Avoid skin contact. Wear chemical protective gloves. Depending upon conditions of use, additional protection may be necessary such as a face shield, apron, etc.
Engineering Controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapor below occupational exposure limits suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Other Work Practices	Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

### **SDS Revision Date:**

04/06/2015

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Odor Odor threshold pН Melting point / freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling range **Flash Point** Evaporation rate (Ether = 1) Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Vapor pressure (Pa) Vapor Density **Specific Gravity** Solubility in Water Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) Auto-ignition temperature **Decomposition temperature** Viscosity (cSt)

White to light tan Solid Unknown Not Measured Not Measured Not Measured Not Measured Over 400 F (204 C) (CC, ASTM D93) Not Measured Not Applicable Lower Explosive Limit: Not Measured Upper Explosive Limit: Not Measured Negligible Not Measured Not Measured Insoluble Not Measured Not Measured Not Measured Not Measured

### 10. Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

9.2. Other information

No other relevant information.

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.
10.2. Chemical stability
Stable under normal circumstances.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
No data available.
10.4. Conditions to avoid
Pyrolysis
10.5. Incompatible materials
Strong Oxidizers
10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hydrogen fluoride, carbonyl fluoride, carbon monoxide and small amount of other toxic fumes.

### SDS Revision Date:

04/06/2015

## 11. Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
Poly(tetrafluoroethene) - (9002-84-0)	No data	No data	No data	No data	No data
	available	available	available	available	available

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (dermal)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)		Not Applicable
Skin corrosion/irritation		Not Applicable
Serious eye damage/irritation		Not Applicable
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable
Skin sensitization		Not Applicable
Germ cell mutagenicity		Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity		Not Applicable
Reproductive toxicity		Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure		Not Applicable
STOT-repeated exposure		Not Applicable
Aspiration hazard		Not Applicable

### 12. Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

No additional information provided for this product. See Section 3 for chemical specific data.

### **Aquatic Ecotoxicity**

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish,	48 hr EC50 crustacea,	ErC50 algae,
	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l
Poly(tetrafluoroethene) - (9002-84-0)	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

### SDS Revision Date:

04/06/2015

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential
Not Measured
12.4. Mobility in soil
No data available.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.
12.6. Other adverse effects
No data available.

### **13. Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of this substance.

### **14. Transport information**

	DOT (Domestic Surface Transportation)	IMO / IMDG (Ocean Transportation)	ICAO/IATA
14.1. UN number	Not Applicable	Not Regulated	Not Regulated
14.2. UN proper shipping name	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	<b>DOT Hazard Class:</b> Not Applicable	IMDG: Not Applicable Sub Class: Not Applicable	Air Class: Not Applicable
14.4. Packing group	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
14.5. Environmental hazar	ds		
IMDG Mar	ine Pollutant: No		
14.6. Special precautions	for user		
Not	urther information		

### 15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Overview	The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected regulations are represented.
Toxic Substance	All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA
Control Act ( TSCA)	Inventory.
WHMIS Classification	Not Regulated

SDS Revision Date:

### 04/06/2015

US EPA Tier II Hazards

### Fire: No Sudden Release of Pressure: No Reactive: No Immediate (Acute): No Delayed (Chronic): No

### EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

### **EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

### **EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

#### Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

### **Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

### Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

### New Jersey RTK Substances (>1%) :

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

### Pennsylvania RTK Substances (>1%):

Poly(tetrafluoroethene)

### 16. Other information

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is: Not applicable

# This is the first version in the GHS SDS format. Listings of changes from previous versions in other formats are not applicable.

Disclaimer: The information accumulated and reflected in this Material Safety Data Sheet is believed to be accurate but is not warranted to be, whether originating with the company or not. Recipients are advised to confirm in advance of need that the information is current, applicable, and suitable to their circumstances.

End of Document